### AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

 (Currently Amended) An assay method to predict sensitivity of a cancer cell to a compound represented by the following formula I, comprising:

sampling a cancer cell from a cancer tissue and optionally culturing the cancer cell in vitro;

measuring the expression level of pRB, p16 and/or cyclin E in the cancer cell; and predicting the sensitivity using any one index of:

- 1) expression of pRB is reduced;
- 2) p16 is expressed:
- 3) expression of cyclin E is enhanced;
- 4) expression of pRB is reduced and expression of cyclin E is enhanced; or
- 5) p16 is expressed and expression of cyclin E is enhanced:

#### Formula (I)

(Wherein, R1 represents

- (1) hydrogen atom or
- (2) a hydroxyl group;

## R3 represents

- (1) hydrogen atom,
- $(2) \ a \ hydroxyl \ group \ or$
- (3) a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group; and

# R2 represents

- (1) hydrogen atom,
- (2) a C1-6 alkyl group which may have a substituent,
- (3) a C<sub>7-10</sub> aralkyl group which may have a substituent,
- (4) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaral kyl group which may have a substituent,  $\,$

(5) the formula (II):

$$R^{N3} \xrightarrow{X} \underbrace{ \begin{pmatrix} R^{N2} \\ N \end{pmatrix}_{N}^{N}}_{R^{N1}} \qquad (II)$$

(wherein,

A)

n represent an integer of 0 to 4;

X represents

- i) -CHR<sup>N4</sup>-.
- ii) -NR<sup>N5</sup>- or
- iii) -O-:

 $\boldsymbol{R}^{N1}$  and  $\boldsymbol{R}^{N2}$  are the same as or different from each other and each represents

- i) hydrogen atom or
- ii) a C1.6 alkvl group:

 $R^{\rm N3}$  and  $R^{\rm N4}$  are the same as or different from each other and each represents

- i) hydrogen atom.
- ii) a C1-6 alkyl group which may have a substituent.
- iii) an unsaturated C2-10 alkyl group which may have a substituent,
- iv) a C1-6 alkoxy group which may have a substituent,
- v) a C6-14 arvl group which may have a substituent,
- vi) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaryl group which may have a substituent,
- vii) a C7-10 aralkyl group which may have a substituent,
- viii) a C3-8 cycloalkyl group which may have a substituent,
- ix) a C4-9 cycloalkylalkyl group which may have a substituent,
- x) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaralkyl group which may have a substituent,
- xi) a 5-membered to 14-membered non-aromatic heterocyclic group which may have a substituent,
- xii)  $-NR^{N6}R^{N7}$  (wherein,  $R^{N6}$  and  $R^{N7}$  are the same as or different from each other and each represents hydrogen atom or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group) or

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xiii)  $R^{N3}$  and  $R^{N4}$  are bound together with the carbon atom to which they are bound to form a 5-membered to 14-membered non-aromatic heterocyclic group which may have a substituent (the non-aromatic heterocyclic group may have a substituent);

# R<sup>N5</sup> represents

- i) hydrogen atom,
- ii) a C1-6 alkyl group which may have a substituent,
- iii) an unsaturated C2-10 alkyl group which may have a substituent,
- iv) a C<sub>6-14</sub> arvl group which may have a substituent.
- v) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaryl group which may have a substituent,
- vi) a C7-10 aralkyl group which may have a substituent,
- vii) a C3-8 cycloalkyl group which may have a substituent,
- viii) a C4-9 cycloalkylalkyl group which may have a substituent,
- ix) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaralkyl group which may have a substituent,
- x) a 5-membered to 14-membered non-aromatic heterocyclic group which may have a substituent, or
- xi)  $R^{\rm N3}$  and  $R^{\rm N5}$  are bound together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound to form a 5-membered to 14-membered non-aromatic heterocyclic group which may have a substituent (the non-aromatic heterocyclic group may have a substituent),

B)

X, n,  $R^{N3}$ ,  $R^{N4}$  and  $R^{N5}$  represent the above defined groups; and  $R^{N1}$  and  $R^{N2}$  represent a 5-membered to 14-membered non-aromatic heterocyclic group which  $R^{N1}$  and  $R^{N2}$  are bound together to form and which may have a substituent,

C)

X, n,  $R^{N2}$ ,  $R^{N4}$  and  $R^{N5}$  represent the above defined groups, and  $R^{N1}$  and  $R^{N3}$  represent a 5-membered to 14-membered non-aromatic heterocyclic group which  $R^{N1}$  and  $R^{N3}$  are bound together to form and which may have a substituent, or

D)

X, n,  $R^{N1}$ ,  $R^{N4}$  and  $R^{N5}$  represent the above defined groups; and  $R^{N2}$  and  $R^{N3}$  represent 5-membered to 14-membered non-aromatic heterocyclic group which  $R^{N2}$  and  $R^{N3}$  are bound together to form and which may have a substituent), or

(6) the formula (III):

(wherein, R<sup>N8</sup> and R<sup>N9</sup> are the same as or different from each other and each represents

- i) hydrogen atom,
- ii) a C1-6 alkyl group which may have a substituent,
- iii) a C<sub>6-14</sub> aryl group which may have a substituent,
- iv) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaryl group which may have a substituent
- v) a C7-10 aralkyl group which may have a substituent, or
- vi) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaralkyl group which may have a substituent)).
- 2. (Withdrawn) The assay method according to claim 1, wherein R2 is
  - 1) hydrogen atom:
- 2) a C16 alkyl group which may have a substituent.
- 3) a C<sub>7-10</sub> aralkyl group which may have a substituent or
- 4) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaralkyl group which may have a substituent.
- (Withdrawn) The assay method according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is represented by the following formula (IV):

Formula (IV)

$$R^{aN3} \underset{n}{\underbrace{\hspace{0.1cm}}} X \underset{paN1}{\underbrace{\hspace{0.1cm}}} (IV)$$

(wherein n represents an integer of 0 to 4;

RaN1 represents

- (1) hydrogen atom or
- (2) a C1-6 alkyl group;

RaN2 represents

- (1) hydrogen atom
- (2) a N-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylamino group,
- (3) a N.N-di-C<sub>1.6</sub> alkylamino group,

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- (4) ethylmethylamino group,
- (5) pyridyl group,
- (6) pyrrolidin-1-yl group,
- (7) piperidin-1-yl group,
- (8) morpholin-4-yl group or
- (9) 4-methylpiperazin-1-yl group).
- (Withdrawn) The assay method according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is represented by the following formula (V):

Formula (V)

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
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(wherein  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  are the same as or different from each other and each represents an integer of 0 to 4;

X<sub>b</sub> represents

- 1) -CHR<sup>bN4</sup>-,
- 2) -NR<sup>bN5</sup>- or
- 3) -O-;

RbN1 represents

- 1) hydrogen atom or
- 2) a C<sub>1.6</sub> alkyl group;

R<sup>bN8</sup> represents

- 1) hydrogen atom,
- 2) a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group,
- 3) a  $C_{6-14}$  aryl group or
- 4) a C7-10 aralkyl group;

R<sup>bN4</sup> represents

- 1) hydrogen atom,
- 2) a  $C_{1\text{--}6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 3) an unsaturated C2-10 alkyl group which may have a substituent,

- 4) a C1-6 alkoxy group which may have a substituent,
- 5) a C<sub>6-14</sub> aryl group which may have a substituent,
- 6) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaryl group which may have a substituent,
- 7) a C<sub>7-10</sub> aralkyl group which may have a substituent.
- 8) a C3-8 cycloalkyl group which may have a substituent.
- 9) a C<sub>4-9</sub> cycloalkylalkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 10) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaralkyl group which may have a substituent,
- NR<sup>NN6</sup>R<sup>DN7</sup> (wherein R<sup>DN6</sup> and R<sup>DN7</sup> are the same as or different from each other and each represents hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group) or
- 12) a 5-membered to 14-membered non-aromatic heterocyclic group which may have a substituent; and

R<sup>bN5</sup> is

- 1) hydrogen atom.
- 2) a C1-6 alkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 3) an unsaturated C2-10 alkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 4) a C<sub>6-14</sub> aryl group which may have a substituent,
- 5) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaryl group which may have a substituent
- 6) a C7-10 aralkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 7) a C3-8 cycloalkyl group which may have a substituent.
- 8) a C<sub>4-9</sub> cycloalkylalkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 9) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaralkyl group which may have a substituent or
- 10) a 5-membered to 14-membered non-aromatic heterocyclic group which may have a substituent).
- 5. (Withdrawn) The assay method according to claim 1, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is represented by the following formula (VI):

Formula (VI)

(wherein n3 represents an integer of 1 or 2;

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R<sup>cN1</sup> represents

- (1) hydrogen atom or
- (2) a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group;

R<sup>cN5</sup> represents

- (1) hydrogen atom or
- (2) a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group).
- (Original) The assay method according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is represented by the following formula (VII):

Formula (VII)



(wherein  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  are the same as or different from each other and each represents an integer of 0 to 4;

X<sub>d</sub> represents

- 1) -CHR<sup>dN4</sup>-,
- 2) -NR<sup>dN5</sup>- or
- 3) -O-; and

R<sup>dN2</sup> represents

- 1) hydrogen atom or
- 2) a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group;

R<sup>dN8</sup> represents

- 1) hydrogen atom,
- 2) a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group,
- 3) a  $C_{6-14}$  aryl group or
- 4) a C7-10 aralkyl group;

R<sup>dN4</sup> represents

- 1) hydrogen atom,
- 2) a C1-6 alkyl group which may have a substituent,

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- 3) an unsaturated C2-10 alkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 4) a C1-6 alkoxy group which may have a substituent,
- 5) a C6-14 arvl group which may have a substituent.
- 6) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaryl group which may have a substituent,
- 7) a C7-10 aralkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 8) a C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 9) a C4-9 cycloalkylalkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 10) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaralkyl group which may have a substituent,
- NR<sup>4N6</sup>R<sup>4N7</sup> (wherein R<sup>4N6</sup> and R<sup>4N7</sup> are the same as or different from each other and each represents hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group) or
- 12) a 5-membered to 14-membered non-aromatic heterocyclic group which may have a substituent; and

### RdN5 represents

- 1) hydrogen atom,
- 2) a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 3) an unsaturated C<sub>2-10</sub> alkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 4) a C<sub>6-14</sub> aryl group which may have a substituent,
- 5) a 5 to 14-membered ring heteroaryl group which may have a substituent.
- 6) a C<sub>7-10</sub> aralkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 7) a C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 8) a C<sub>4-9</sub> cycloalkylalkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 9) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaralkyl group which may have a substituent or
- 10) a 5-membered to 14-membered non-aromatic heterocyclic group which may have a substituent).
- 7. (Withdrawn) The assay method according to claim 1, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is represented by the following formula (VIII):

Formula (VIII)

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(wherein  $n_3$  represents an integer of 1 to 3; and  $R^{\text{cN4}}$  represents

- (1) amino group,
- (2) a N-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylamino group,
- (3) pyrrolidin-1-yl group,
- (4) piperidin-1-yl group or
- (5) morpholin-4-yl group).
- (Original) The assay method according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is represented by the following formula (IX):

Formula (IX)

$$\mathbb{R}^{\mathbb{N}5} \stackrel{\mathbb{N}}{\longrightarrow} \mathbb{N} \stackrel{\mathbb{N}}{\longrightarrow} \mathbb{N} = \emptyset$$

(wherein n3 represents an integer of 1 to 3;

RfN8 represents

- 1) hydrogen atom,
- 2) a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group,
- 3) a C<sub>6-14</sub> aryl group or
- 4) a C7-10 aralkyl group; and

RfN5 represents

- 1) hydrogen atom,
- 2) a C1-6 alkyl group which may have a substituent,
- 3) a C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl group which may have a substituent,
- a 3-membered to 8-membered ring nonaromatic heterocyclic group which may have a substituent,
  - 5) a C<sub>6-14</sub> aryl group which may have a substituent,
  - 6) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaryl group which may have a substituent,
  - 7) a C7-10 aralkyl group which may have a substituent,
  - 8) a 5-membered to 14-membered heteroaralkyl group which may have a substituent or

- 9) a C<sub>4-9</sub> cycloalkylalkyl group which may have a substituent).
- 9. (Original) The assay method according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is represented by the following formula (X):

Formula (X)

$$\mathbb{R}^{9N5}$$
,  $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{N}$ 

(wherein n<sub>3</sub> represents an integer of 1 to 3; and RgN5 represents

- 1) hydrogen atom
- 2) a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may be substituted,
- 3) a C<sub>3.8</sub> cycloalkyl group which may be substituted.
- 4) a C4.9 cycloalkylalkyl group which may be substituted.
- 5) a C<sub>7-10</sub> aralkyl group which may be substituted,
- 6) a pyridyl group which may be substituted or
- 7) a tetrahydropyranyl group which may be substituted).
- 10. (Original) The assay method according to claim 1, wherein the compound represented by the formula (I) is any one compound selected from the group consisting of the following compounds:
- 1) (8E.12E.14E)-7-acetoxy-3.6.21-trihydroxy-6.10.12.16.20-pentamethyl-18.19epoxytricosane-8.12.14-trien-11-olide.
- 2) (8E,12E,14E)-7-((4-cycloheptylpiperazin-1-yl)carbonyl)oxy-3.6.16.21-tetrahydroxy-6,10,12,16,20-pentamethyl-18,19-epoxytricosane-8,12,14-trien-11-olide,
- 3) (8E,12E,14E)-3,6,16,21-tetrahydroxy-7-((4-isopropylpiperazin-1-yl)carbonyl)oxy-6,10,12,16,20-pentamethyl-18,19-epoxytricosane-8,12,14-trien-11-olide; and
- 4) (8E.12E.14E)-3.6.16.21-tetrahydroxy-6.10.12.16.20-pentamethyl-7-((4methylpiperazin-1-yl)carbonyl)oxy-18,19-epoxytricosane-8,12,14-trien-11-olide.

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11. (Withdrawn) The assay method according to claim 1, comprising assaying a reduced expression of pRB, an expression of p16 or an enhanced expression of cyclin E by measuring the levels of their respective encoding mRNAs.

- 12. (Withdrawn) The assay method according to claim 11, wherein the method for measuring the level of the mRNAs is a quantitative RT-PCR method.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The assay method according to claim 11, wherein the method for measuring the level of the mRNAs is a DNA tip method.
- 14. (Original) The assay method according to claim 1, comprising assaying a reduced expression of pRB, an expression of p16 or an enhanced expression of cyclin E by measuring the levels of their respective proteins.
- 15. (Original) The assay method according to claim 14, wherein the method for measuring the levels of their respective proteins is a western blot method.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The assay method according to claim 14, wherein the method for measuring the levels of their respective proteins is an immunohistostaining method.
- 17. (Withdrawn) The assay method according to claim 14, wherein the method for measuring the levels of their respective proteins is an ELISA method.
- 18. (Withdrawn) A kit for use in the assay method according to 12, comprising a primer that contains at least 15 consecutive base sequences of the pRB, p16 or cyclin E genes.
- 19. (Withdrawn) A kit for use in the assay method according to 15, 16 or 17, comprising an antibody to the pRB, p16 or cyclin E.

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